Quarter 1 Math Map (Chapters 1,3,4 and 7 Go Math)

Standard	I Can Statements	Section
K.CC.1 Count to 100 by ones and tens. K.CC.2 Count forward beginning from a given number within the known sequence (instead of having to begin at one). K.CC.3 Write numbers from 0-20. Represent a number of objects with a written numeral 0-20 (with 0 representing a count of no	I can count to 100 by ones and by tens. I can count on from any number. I can write the numbers 0-20.	Summative 1 Summative 3 &4 Summative 7 10 3,3,4 1,5,1,6,1,2,8
objects). K.CC.4 Understand the relationship between numbers and quantities; connect counting to cardinality. K.CC.4a When counting objects, say the number names in the standard order, pairing each object with one and only one number name and each number name with one and only one object.	I can write a number to show how many are in a set of objects. I can use a number to tell how many.	6,7,9 6,7,9
K.CC.4b Understand that the last number name said tells the number of objects counted. The number of objects is the same regardless of their arrangement or the order in which they were counted. K.CC.4c Understand that each successive number name refers to a quantity that is one larger.	I can count objects one by one and tell how many in all. I can say the number names in order.	6,7,9
K.CC.5 Count to answer "how many?" questions about as many	I can count objects one by one and tell how	3,3,4

as 20 things arranged in a line, a rectangular array, or a circle, or as many as 10 things in a scattered configuration given a number from 1-20, count out that many objects. K.CC.7 Compare two numbers between 1 and 10 presented as written numerals.	many in all. I can say the number names in order. I know that as I count, the next number is one more. I can count up to 20 objects.	1,2,4,1,2,4,1,2,3,5 5,6
	I can compare two numbers between 1-10.	

Quarter 2 Math Map (Chapters 2, 5, 7, and 9 Go Math)

Standard	I Can Statements	Section
K.OA.1 Represent addition and subtraction with objects, fingers, mental images, drawings, sounds (claps), acting out situations, verbal explanations, expressions or equations. K.OA.2 Solve addition and subtraction word problems, and add and subtract within 10 by using objects or drawings to represent the problem K.OA.4 For any number from 1 to 9, find the number that makes 10 when added to the given number by using objects or	I can add and subtract in many ways. I can use objects or pictures to show a problem. I can add numbers to make 10.	Summative 5 Summative 9 1,2

drawings and record the answer with a drawing or equation.	I can add with numbers 0-5.	
K.OA.5 Fluently add and subtract within 5.		7,8
	I can name shapes.	
K.G.2 Correctly name shapes regardless of their orientations or overall size.	I can describe how flat and solid shapes look.	
K.G.4 Analyze and compare two- and three-dimensional shapes, in different sizes and orientations, using informal	and solid shapes look.	9
language to describe their similarities and differences, parts and other attributes.	I can put together smaller shapes to	
	make bigger shapes.	1-5
K.G.6 Compose simple shapes to form larger shapes.	I can show how the numbers 11 to 19 are	
V NDT 4 Company and decompany	made up of tens and	6-10
K.NBT.1 Compose and decompose numbers 11 to 19 into ten ones and some	ones.	
further, eg by using objects or drawings, and record each composition or		
decomposition by a drawing or equation; understand that these numbers are		
composed of ten ones and one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine ones.		11,12
		7
		,

Quarter 3 Math Map (Chapters 8, 10, and 12 Go Math)

K.G.1 Describe objects in the environment using names of shapes, and describe the relative positions of these objects using terms such as above, below, beside, in front of, behind, and next to.	I can describe where objects are located.	Summative 10 -position Summative 9 -sort/ classify Summative 12 -3D shapes
K.G.3 Identify shapes as 2D (lying in a plane, "flat") or 3D ("solid") K.G.4 Analyze and compare two- and three-dimensional shapes, in different sizes and orientations, using informal language to describe their similarities,	I can describe shapes as flat or solid. I can describe how flat and solid shapes look.	1,2
differences, parts (e.g. numbers of sides and vertices/corners) and other attributes (e.g. having sides of equal length) K.G.5 Model shapes in the world by building shapes from components (e.g. sticks and clay balls) and drawing them.	I can model shapes	4
K. MD.3 Classify objects into given categories; count the number of objects in each category and sort the categories by count. (Limit category counts to be less	by building or drawing them. I can sort and count	
than or equal to 10.) K.CC.1 Count to 100 by ones and tens.	objects into groups.	1-8
	ones and by tens.	
		10

Quarter 4 Math Map (Chapters 6 and 11 Go Math)

Standard	I Can Statements	Section
K.OA.1 Represent addition and subtraction with objects, fingers, mental images, drawings, sounds (e.g. claps), acting out situations, verbal explanations, expressions, or	I can add and subtract in many ways.	Summative 6 - subtraction Summative 11 -measurement
equations. K.OA.2 Solve addition and subtraction word problems, and add and subtract	I can use objects or pictures to show a problem.	
within 10, e.g., by using objects or drawings to represent the problem. K.OA.3 Decompose numbers less than or equal to 10 into pairs in more than	I can show different ways to make a number that is less than or equal to 10.	
one way, e.g., by using objects or drawings, and record each decomposition by a drawing or equation (e.g., 5=2+3 and 5=4+1)	I can subtract with numbers 0-5.	
K.OA.5 Fluently add/ subtract within 5. K.MD.1 Describe measurable attributes of objects, such as length or weight. Describe several measurable attributes of a single object.	I can describe an object's length and/or weight.	
K.MD.2 Directly compare two objects with a measurable attribute in common, to see which object has "more of"/"less of"the attribute, and describe the difference. For example, directly compare the heights of two children and describe one child as taller/shorter.	I can use words to compare two objects.	